

Advanced Quantum Mechanics PHYS-4602

In-Class Test

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Instructions:

- Do not turn over until instructed.
- You will have 75 minutes to complete this test.
- No electronic devices or hardcopy notes are allowed.
- INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING TEST LENGTH WILL GO HERE.
- **Answer all questions briefly and completely.**
- **Only the lined pages of your exam book will be graded. Use the blank pages for scratch work only.**

Useful Formulae:

- Schrödinger Equation
 - time-dependent and position-basis time-independent

$$i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} |\Psi\rangle = H |\Psi\rangle, \quad \langle \vec{x} | H | \psi \rangle = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi(\vec{x}) + V(\vec{x}) \psi(\vec{x}) = E \psi(\vec{x})$$

- Ehrenfest's Theorem and time-evolution operator

$$\frac{d\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle}{dt} = \frac{i}{\hbar} \langle [H, \mathcal{O}] \rangle + \left\langle \frac{\partial \mathcal{O}}{\partial t} \right\rangle, \quad U(t) = e^{-iHt/\hbar}$$

- Dirac Notation
 - Matrix element in $|e_i\rangle$ basis: $A_{ij} = \langle e_i | A | e_j \rangle$
 - Dyad representation in any basis and eigenbasis

$$A = \sum_{i,j} A_{ij} |e_i\rangle \langle e_j| = \sum_n a_n |a_n\rangle \langle a_n|$$

- Quantum Information
 - Shannon entropy $S = -\sum P \log_2 P$
 - Density operator $\rho = P_1 |e_1\rangle \langle e_1| + P_2 |e_2\rangle \langle e_2| + \dots$ (its eigenbasis), $\rho = |\psi\rangle \langle \psi|$ (pure state)
 - Von Neumann entropy $S = -Tr(\rho \log_2 \rho)$

- Quantum Computing

- 1-bit gates $I : (|0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle, |1\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle)$; $NOT : (|0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle, |1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle)$;
 $R(\phi) : (|0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle, |1\rangle \rightarrow e^{i\phi}|1\rangle)$; $\mathbb{H} : (|0\rangle \rightarrow (|0\rangle + |1\rangle)/\sqrt{2}, |1\rangle \rightarrow (|0\rangle - |1\rangle)/\sqrt{2})$
- 2-bit controlled NOT gate $CNOT(|x\rangle|y\rangle) = |x\rangle|x \oplus y\rangle$, $\oplus =$ addition mod 2

- Momentum and Position

- Inner product of eigenstates (change of basis) in 1D

$$\langle x|p\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{ipx/\hbar} \quad \text{or} \quad |p\rangle = \int dx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{ipx/\hbar} |x\rangle$$

Normalization is given for infinite volume

- Operator commutator $[x, p] = i\hbar$
- Operator representation in position basis

$$\langle x|p|\psi\rangle = -i\hbar \frac{d\psi}{dx} \Leftrightarrow p \simeq -i\hbar \frac{d}{dx}$$

- Uncertainty

- The uncertainty $\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}$ obeys $\sigma_{\mathcal{O}}^2 = \langle \mathcal{O}^2 \rangle - \langle \mathcal{O} \rangle^2$
- Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle $\sigma_A \sigma_B \geq (1/2) |\langle [A, B] \rangle|$

- Infinite Square Well $V(x) = 0$ for $-a < x < a$, $V(x) = \infty$ otherwise

- Eigenfunctions

$$\psi_n(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2a}\right) \quad (n \text{ odd}) \quad \text{or} \quad \psi_n(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2a}\right) \quad (n \text{ even})$$

- Energy Eigenvalue $E_n = (\hbar^2/2m)(n\pi/2a)^2$

- 1D Harmonic Oscillator $V(x) = (1/2)m\omega^2 x^2$

- Ladder operators

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar}} x + i \frac{p}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}}, \quad a|n\rangle = \sqrt{n}|n-1\rangle, \quad a^\dagger|n\rangle = \sqrt{n+1}|n+1\rangle, \quad [a, a^\dagger] = 1$$

- Hamiltonian $H = \hbar\omega (a^\dagger a + 1/2)$

- Hydrogen

- States are denoted $|n, \ell, m, m_s\rangle$ or $|n, j, \ell, m_j\rangle$ (recall that $s = 1/2$ always for electrons).
- Bohr radius $a = 4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar^2 / me^2$ and energy $E_n = -(\hbar^2/2ma^2)(1/n^2) = -13.6 \text{ eV}/n^2$